Ten Tips for Crisis Prevention

CPI Info Capsule

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A crisis can be defined as a moment in time when an individual in your charge loses rational, and at times even physical, control over his or her own behavior. This can be very challenging and anxiety producing for those responsible for intervening. Due to the chaotic, unpredictable nature of a crisis, it is vital that staff stay calm and proceed with a plan.

These crisis moments do not sprout into being without roots; there are almost always warning signs that let you know an individual’s behavior is escalating. By following the tips listed here, you can often intervene before the crisis becomes dangerous.

1. **Be empathic.**
   Try not to judge or discount the feelings of others. Whether or not you think their feelings are justified, those feelings are real to the other person. Pay attention to them.

2. **Clarify messages.**
   Listen for the person’s real message. What are the feelings behind the facts? Ask reflective questions and use both silence and restatements.

3. **Respect personal space.**
   Stand at least 1½ to 3 feet from an acting-out person. Invading personal space tends to increase the individual's anxiety and may lead to acting-out behavior.

4. **Be aware of your body position.**
   Standing eye-to-eye and toe-to-toe with a person in your charge sends a challenging message. Standing one leg-length away and at an angle off to the side is less likely to escalate the individual.

5. **Ignore challenging questions.**
   When a person in your charge challenges your authority or a facility policy, redirect the individual’s attention to the issue at hand. Answering challenging questions often results in a power struggle.

6. **Permit verbal venting when possible.**
   Allow the individual to release as much energy as possible by venting verbally. If you cannot allow this, state directives and reasonable limits during lulls in the venting process.

7. **Set and enforce reasonable limits.**
   If the person becomes belligerent, defensive, or disruptive, state limits and directives clearly and concisely. When setting limits, offer choices and consequences to the acting-out individual.

8. **Keep your nonverbal cues nonthreatening.**
   The more an individual loses control, the less that individual listens to your actual words. More attention is paid to your nonverbal communication. Be aware of your gestures, facial expressions, movements, and tone of voice.
9. **Avoid overreacting.**
   Remain calm, rational, and professional. Your response will directly affect the person’s behavior.

10. **Use physical techniques only as a last resort.**
    Use the least restrictive method of intervention possible. Physical techniques should be used only when individuals are a danger to themselves or others. Physical interventions should only be used by competent/trained staff. Any physical intervention may be dangerous.

By following these tips, you will have the best possible chance of providing for the Care, Welfare, Safety, and Security™ of everyone involved in a potential crisis situation.

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**About the Crisis Prevention Institute (CPI)**

The Crisis Prevention Institute is an international training organization that specializes in the safe management of disruptive and assaultive behavior. Since 1980, more than 5.4 million professionals have participated in CPI’s training, and thousands of organizations worldwide have successfully implemented CPI’s safe, nonharmful techniques and developed comprehensive crisis prevention and intervention plans.

CPI’s *Nonviolent Crisis Intervention®* training and the *PrepareTraining®* program focus on prevention and offer proven strategies for safely defusing anxious, hostile, or violent behavior at the earliest possible stage. Additionally, the CPI Matters at Work series offers seminars on a variety of issues that impact today's work environments.

CPI offers training both on site and at select locations in more than 146 cities worldwide. For more information, visit [www.crisisprevention.com](http://www.crisisprevention.com) or call 1-800-558-8976.